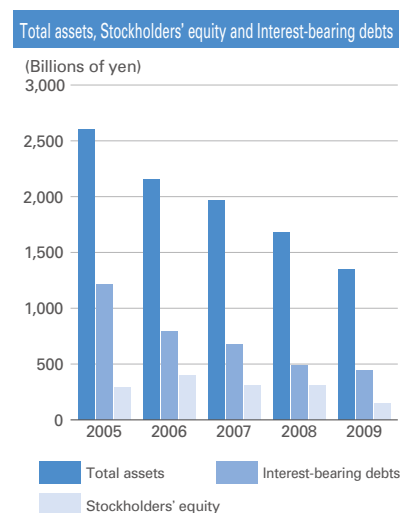
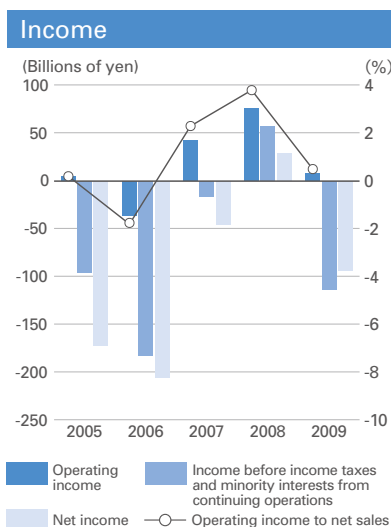
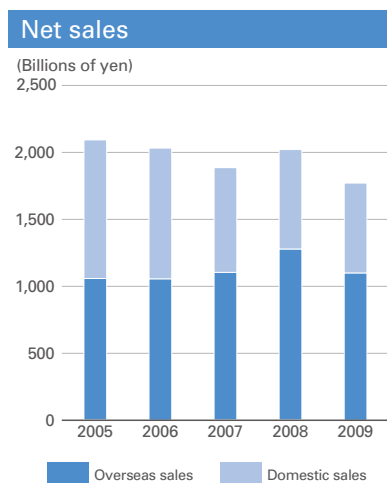


Financial Highlights

SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Fiscal years ended March 31

	Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2009
■ Performance						
Net sales	¥ 1,770,656	¥ 2,017,824	¥ 1,882,612	¥ 2,031,652	¥ 2,089,791	\$ 18,067,918
Domestic sales	670,777	742,528	782,012	975,597	1,034,825	6,844,663
Overseas sales	1,099,879	1,275,296	1,100,600	1,056,055	1,054,966	11,223,255
Operating income (loss)	8,276	76,141	42,605	(35,905)	4,850	84,449
Operating income (loss) ratio to net sales	0.5%	3.8%	2.3%	(1.8%)	0.2%	—
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests from continuing operations	(113,748)	57,228	(16,084)	(182,032)	(96,140)	(1,160,694)
Net income (loss)	(93,226)	28,700	(45,362)	(205,661)	(171,544)	(951,286)
■ Financial conditions						
Total assets	¥ 1,345,403	¥ 1,683,837	¥ 1,970,940	¥ 2,154,837	¥ 2,600,677	\$ 13,728,602
Interest-bearing debts	447,939	488,886	678,878	792,166	1,213,879	4,570,806
Net interest-bearing debts	228,546	208,180	344,192	494,666	918,897	2,332,102
Stockholders' equity	146,454	308,043	312,008	402,892	288,268	1,494,429
Stockholders' equity ratio	10.9%	18.3%	15.8%	18.7%	11.1%	—
Debt equity ratio	3.1 times	1.6 times	2.2 times	2.0 times	4.2 times	—
■ Reference information						
Capital expenditure (excluding intangibles)	¥ 106,533	¥ 79,527	¥ 73,316	¥ 67,103	¥ 95,233	\$ 1,087,071
Depreciation (excluding intangibles)	68,685	70,293	72,716	76,881	85,657	700,867
R&D expenses	75,434	71,797	90,094	94,267	114,157	769,735
■ Per-share information (yen and U.S. dollars)						
Net income (loss) per share	¥ (15.2)	¥ 4.7	¥ (72.7)	¥ (195.0)	¥ (92.5)	\$ (0.15)
Stockholders' equity per share	(25.0)	1.3	2.0	16.8	155.4	(0.26)
Cash dividends per share	—	—	—	—	3.0	—



Notes:

1. U.S. dollar amounts are translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of ¥98 = US\$1, the approximate Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market's rate as of March 31, 2009.
2. To be consistent with financial reporting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan, operating income (loss) is calculated as net sales and operating revenue, less cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses. SANYO feels that showing operating income (loss) is convenient for investors, since they can compare our financial results with those of other Japanese companies. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, certain additional charges — for example, restructuring and impairment charges and abnormal product warranty costs — would be included in the determination of operating income (loss) in consolidated statements of income.
3. Due to the final agreement with Kyocera Corporation to sell the mobile phone business on January 21, 2008, SANYO shows its business results and profit or loss on sale, independently, in its consolidated statement of operations as discontinued operations. Prior period results have been reclassified in the same manner as presented for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.
4. Due to the sale of a portion of its shares in SANYO Electric Credit Co., Ltd. on December 27, 2005, SANYO shows its business results and profit or loss on sale, independently, as discontinued operations. Prior period results have been reclassified in the same manner as presented for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.